JASPER COUNTY, TEXAS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Jasper County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2020, on our consideration of the Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas September 10, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Jasper County, Texas (the "County") Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position decreased by \$2,781,312 (5.8%) over the course of this year's operations.
- The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2019, by \$44,772,338 reported as total net position of the primary government. Of this amount, \$1,339,867 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$5,042,505 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$38,389,966 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- As of December 31, 2019, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$9,134,948, which represents a 12% decrease from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference representing net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, legal, public facilities, public safety, health and welfare, conservation, roads, cultural and recreation and interest on long-term debt.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The County does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The County maintains 42 individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major governmental funds. Data from other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The largest portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (86%) reflects net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, improvements, buildings, equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire these assets that is outstanding. The main use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another significant portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (3%) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities.

JASPER COUNTY'S CHANGES NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		
	2019	2018	
REVENUES			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,131,070	\$ 3,358,843	
Operating grants and contributions	1,471,965	761,208	
Capital grants and contributions	354,416	470,098	
General revenues:			
Taxes - levied for general purposes	14,173,256	13,974,172	
Taxes - levied for debt service	5,756	7,806	
Other taxes	205,715	211,351	
Investment earnings	95,329	74,077	
Gain on sale of assets	20	4,602	
Miscellaneous	463,381	469,117	
Total revenues	19,900,908	19,331,274	
EXPENSES			
General government	5,719,924	4,803,093	
Judicial	2,453,238	2,326,379	
Legal	777,793	690,270	
Public facilities	671,434	677,961	
Public safety	6,329,553	5,764,815	
Health and welfare	701,148	581,212	
Conservation	112,347	110,563	
Roads	5,912,935	5,162,673	
Cultural and recreation	3,848	2,965	
Total expenses	22,682,220	20,119,931	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,781,312)	(788,657)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	47,553,650	49,814,317	
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		(1,472,010)	
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$44,772,338	\$ <u>47,553,650</u>	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The County's major general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the County's Governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2019, the County's General Fund reported combined fund balances of \$4,261,357, a decrease of \$634,413 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to an increase in general government expenditures.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At December 31, 2019, the General Fund reported revenues of \$12,682,948 and expenditures of \$13,284,717. These amounts represented a \$102,888 increase in revenues, primarily due to \$112,966 increase in taxes. The County saw an increase of \$146,396 in expenditures in the General Fund. The increase in expenditures was primarily made up of an increase of \$261,222 to general government expenditures. The deficit of revenues over expenditures was \$601,769, before other financing uses of \$32,644.

At December 31, 2019, the County's Road and Bridge Fund reported a restricted fund balance of \$2,866,910, a decrease of \$468,919 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to increased collections in road construction.

Proprietary Funds. As mentioned earlier, the County has no Proprietary Funds.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$176,480. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted estimates by \$178,185, and other financing sources/uses resulted in a negative budget variance of \$199,980. The net effect resulted in a positive variance of \$154,685.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2019, amounted to \$38,389,966 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and other tangible and intangible assets. This amount decreased by \$896,307.

Long-term Liabilities. At December 31, 2019, the County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$11,689,881, an increase of \$3,075,323 over the prior year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Commissioners' Court adopted the County's 2020 budget on September 9, 2019.

For 2020, the property tax rate is .6591 per \$100 valuation. The collection rate for the 2020 budget was based on a 97.55% collection rate compared to a 97.55% collection rate in the prior year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 150 N. Austin Street, Jasper, Texas 75951.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	14,624,353
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		
Accounts		2,505,850
Taxes		2,887,602
Prepaid expenses		30,164
Due from other governments		133,348
Capital assets:		
Land		1,043,120
Construction in progress		941,818
Buildings		19,043,240
Equipment and furniture		9,017,834
Infrastructure	5	33,935,424
Less: accumulated depreciation	(25,591,470)
Total capital assets		38,389,966
Total assets		58,571,283
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		3,849,755
Deferred outflows related to GTLF OPEB		39,562
Deferred outflows related to retiree health plan OPEB		126,754
Total deferred outflows of resources		4,016,071
LIABILITIES	-	
Accounts payable		397,626
Accrued liabilities		199,308
Unearned revenue		73,032
Noncurrent liabilities:		•
Due within one year		
Compensated Absences		60,044
Total OPEB liability - GTLF OPEB		15,715
Total OPEB liability - retiree health plan OPEB		69,542
Due in more than one year		
Compensated Absences		240,177
Net pension liability		8,846,554
Total OPEB liability - GTLF OPEB		451,860
Total OPEB liability - retiree health plan OPEB		2,005,989
Total liabilities	-	12,359,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy		5,059,518
Deferred inflows related to pensions		284,762
Deferred inflows related to GTLF OPEB		44,827
Deferred inflows related to - retiree health plan OPEB		66,062
Total deferred inflows of resources	*	5,455,169
TOTAL ACTOLICA HILLOWS OF TOSOUTOGS		-, .50,200

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2019 (continued)

Primary Gover	amont
Filliary Gover	IIIICIIL
Governmen	tal
Activities	
NET POSITION	89,966
Wet investment in capital assets	55,500
Restricted for:	64 624
Records management and preservation	64,624
Court technology and security	23,819
Tax assessment and collection services	2,953
Jury services	7,893
Court system	41,121
Law library	78,314
Forfeitures	46,153
Check collection and processing	682
Foster care	96,832
	03,237
Historical commission	4,530
	83,070
Debt service	22,121
rubile safety	246
Health and welfare	
	66,910
Unitestricted	39,867
Total net position \$ 44,7	72,338

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

	General	Road and Bridge	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,357,700	\$ 3,009,765	\$ 2,256,888	\$ 14,624,353
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				
Accounts	179,021	2,285,854	40,975	2,505,850
Taxes	1,890,767	845,311	151,524	2,887,602
Due from other funds	101,098	1,391,165	176,577	1,668,840
Due from other governments	133,348	-		133,348
Prepaid expenditures	30,164			30,164
Total assets	11,692,098	7,532,095	2,625,964	21,850,157
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
	202,032	108,943	86,651	397,626
Accounts payable	151,065	42,223	6,020	199,308
Other liabilities	1,567,742	9,374	91,724	1,668,840
Due to other funds	1,307,742	9,374	73,032	73,032
Unearned revenue	4 000 000	460 540		
Total liabilities	1,920,839	160,540	257,427	2,338,806
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,846,450	827,626	148,542	2,822,618
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy	3,491,776	1,391,165	176,577	5,059,518
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	171,676	2,285,854	36,737	2,494,267
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,509,902	4,504,645	361,856	10,376,403
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)				
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	30,164	-	-	30,164
Restricted for:				
Records management and preservation	(m)	-	964,624	964,624
Court technology and security	₩.	2	123,819	123,819
Tax assessment and collection services	340	×	2,953	2,953
Jury services	æ2	=	7,893	7,893
Court system	21	=	41,121	41,121
Law library	*	*	178,314	178,314
Forfeltures		=	46,153	46,153
Check collection and processing	40	=	682	682
Foster care		*	496,832	496,832
Law enforcement	-	- 2	203,237	203,237
Historical commission	2		4,530	4,530
Debt service		-	83,070	83,070
Roads		2,866,910	127	2,866,910
	4	2/000/520	22,121	22,121
Public safety			246	246
Health and welfare	4 221 102		(168,914)	4,062,279
Unassigned	4,231,193	2,866,910	2,006,681	9,134,948
Total fund balances	4,261,357	2,800,910	2,000,081	3,134,540
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		+ 7.522.005	2.625.064	
and fund balances	\$ 11,692,098	\$ <u>7,532,095</u>	\$2,625,964	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stater				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not f	inancial resources and	, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds.				38,389,966
	rest sorted avacadition	es and therefore a	e reported as	,,
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curr	rent-perioa expenditur	es and, unerefore, at	e reported as	E 246 00F
deferred Inflows of resources in the funds.				5,316,885
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the cur	rent period and theref	ore are not reported	In the funds.	(7,399,985)
Net position of governmental activities				\$44,772,338
The server to the financial statements are				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		General		Road and Bridge	G	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmental
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	9,950,481	\$	3,895,676	\$	500,295	\$	14,346,452
License and fees		915,915				198,016		1,113,931
Fines and forfeitures		516,060		128,747		9,585		654,392
Intergovernmental		974,607		295,689		1,091,847		2,362,143
Auto registration		72		705,119		32		705,119
Interest		50,306		31,416		13,607		95,329
Other		275,579	-	158,632		23,119		457,330
Total revenues	_	12,682,948	1	5,215,279		1,836,469	_	19,734,696
EXPENDITURES								
General government		4,256,589		490,406		237,073		4,984,068
Judicial		2,304,302				27,204		2,331,506
Legal		650,353		≠ ?		87,044		737,397
Public facilities		653,153		37				653,153
Public safety		5,082,378		5 .		27,135		5,109,513
Health and welfare		P.		-		690,595		690,595
Conservation		111,837		*		56		111,837
Roads		78		4,683,949		877,359		5,561,308
Cultural and recreation		0₩		-		3,832		3,832
Capital outlay	-	226,105	-	529,757	-	14,150		770,012
Total expenditures	_	13,284,717	-	5,704,112	=	1,964,392		20,953,221
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(601,769)	(488,833)		127,923)	_	1,218,525)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		9 <u>2</u> 1		19,914		12,750		32,664
Transfers out	(32,664)		=		:=:	(32,664)
Sale of assets		20		=		-		20
Total other financing sources (uses)	(32,644)		19,914	_	12,750	_	20
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(634,413)	(468,919)	(115,173)	(1,218,505)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	4,895,770	_	3,335,829	_	2,121,854		10,353,453
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	4,261,357	\$	2,866,910	\$	2,006,681	\$	9,134,948

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

different decause:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(1,218,505)
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. Capital outlay Depreciation	(1,576,200 2,472,507)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. Property taxes Court fines	(1,085) 167,277
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds. Pension cost Other postemployment benefits liabilities cost Compensated absences	(536,041) 204,676) 91,975)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	2,781,312)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust	
	County Schools	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash Accounts Receivable	\$ 9,124,216 2,276	\$ 3,360,555 —————
Total assets	\$9,126,492	\$3,360,555
LIABILITIES		
Due to other agencies and individuals	\$	\$ 3,360,555
Total liabilities	\$	\$ <u>3,360,555</u>
NET POSITION Held in trust for schools	\$ <u>9,126,492</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust
	County Schools
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings Total additions	\$ 34,603 76,399 111,002
DEDUCTIONS	(108,997)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,005
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	9,124,487
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>9,126,492</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Jasper County, Texas (the "County") operates using a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its inhabitants.

The accounting and reporting policies of the County relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements conform to the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present Jasper County, Texas (the primary government) and its component units. There are no component units which meet the criteria for inclusion in the County's reporting entity.

<u>Related Organizations</u> – The Commissioners and the County Judge are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of several organizations, but the County's accountability for those organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities, or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Road and Bridge Fund** is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, mostly taxes and fees that are legally restricted to expenditures for street and highway improvements.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Fund Types:

The **Private-purpose Trust Fund** is used to account for investments, interest, rents and royalties for the benefit of various school districts in the County. The revenues are distributed to the various school districts.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable based on historical collection rates receivable allowance for uncollectible. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 12% of current year tax levy at December 31, 2019.

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Jasper County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position, which are deferred outflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of items in the government-wide financial statements to report in this category. The County is reporting a balance for advance property tax collections, a deferred inflow related to pensions, and a deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefits in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the County has items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The advance collections of property taxes are deferred inflows of resources as well as unavailable revenues for property taxes and court fines and fees.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	39
Equipment	3 - 15
Infrastructure	39

Compensated Absences

County employees earn 12 days of vacation with pay per year during the first 4 years of employment, 15 days of vacation with pay per year with after more than 5 years but less than 9 years of employment, and 18 days of vacation with pay per year for after more than 10 years continuous employment. Employees may carry over one year's earned vacation and an additional three days. Vacation in excess of carryover shall be forfeited. Unused sick leave is paid upon retirement, but not termination.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Retiree Health Care Insurance Plan. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are not required but are measured as payments by the County for benefits due and payable that are not reimbursed by plan assets. Information regarding the County's total OPEB liability is obtained from a report prepared by a consulting actuary.

TCDRS Group Term Life Fund. The County participates in the Texas County & District Group Term Life Fund (GTLF), which is an optional single-employer defined benefit life insurance plan that is administered by TCDRS. It provides death benefits to active and, if elected, retired employees of participating employers. Contribution rates are determined annually for each participating entity as a percentage of that County's covered payroll. The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB). The OPEB program is an unfunded trust because the GTLF trust covers both actives and retirees and is not segregated. The Total OPEB Liability of the plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the Total OPEB Liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and OPEB expense. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent
 to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This
 classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a
 specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by
 the County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.
 The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to December 31, the County Judge and Commissioners prepare operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A budget hearing, advertised in local papers, is conducted at the County Courthouse to obtain taxpayer comments prior to adoption. The budget must be adopted between August 16 and September 30, annually.
- 3. Amendments are made at the beginning of the budget year (January) to record the carry forward of previous year's ending balances.
- 4. The budget is approved based on a line item basis. Any revisions altering the budget requires an amendment and must be approved by the Commissioners' Court.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a cash basis.

7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended, by the Commissioners' Court on August 22, 2018. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

Deficit Fund Equity

At December 31, 2019, the Indigent Health fund has a deficit fund balance of \$168,914. The deficit will be eliminated as resources are obtained (e.g., transfers in or revenues).

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2019, all of the County's \$14,624,353 deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Road and Bridge	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Receivables:				
Taxes	\$ 3,161,455	\$ 1,392,993	\$ 246,808	\$ 4,801,256
Accounts	195,008	2,498,709	44,397	2,738,114
Grants	133,348			133,348
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	3,489,811	3,891,702	291,205	7,672,718
uncollectibles	(1,286,675)	(760,537)	(98,706)	(2,145,918)
Net Total Receivables	\$ <u>2,203,136</u>	\$ <u>3,131,165</u>	\$192,499	\$ <u>5,526,800</u>

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

Primary Government							
	Beginning	•			A		Ending
8	Balance	Increases	De	ecreases	Adj	ustments_	Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not bring depreciate	ed:						
Land	\$ 1,029,207	\$ -	\$		\$	13,913	\$ 1,043,120
CIP	10,718	979,605	_	(90)		<u>48,505</u>)	941,818
Total assets not being depreciated	1,039,925	979,605		- 1	(<u>34,592</u>)	1,984,938
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	18,992,428	16,220		-		34,592	19,043,240
Equipment	8,556,348	580,375	(118,889)		8	9,017,834
Infrastructure	33,935,424	_		-		-	33,935,424
Total capital assets, being deprecia	61,484,200	596,595	(118,889)		34,592	61,996,498
Less accumulated deprecation:							
Buildings	(4,342,748)	(1,208,821)				•	(5,551,569)
Equipment	(5,690,631)	(447,386)		118,889		-	(6,019,128)
Infrastructure	(13,204,473)	(816,300)	_	-		-	(14,020,773)
Total accumulated deprecation	(23,237,852)	(2,472,507)	_	118,889			(25,591,470)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	38,246,348	(1,875,912)		5 0 0		34,592	36,405,028
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_39,286,273	\$ <u>(896,307</u>)	\$	-	\$	-	\$_38,389,966

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	520,555
Public safety		930,097
Road and bridge		1,013,956
Public facility	_	7,899
	\$	2,472,507

Interfund Receivables, Pavables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General	Road and Bridge	\$	9,374
General	Nonmajor Governmental		91,724
Nonmajor Governmental	General		176,577
Road and Bridge	General	_	1,391,165
Total		\$	1,668,840

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers:

	Transfers In:				
		Road &	Ne	onmajor	
		Bridge	Gov	ernmental	Total
Transfer Out:					
General	\$	19,914	\$	12,750 \$_	32,664
Total	\$	19,914	\$	12,750 \$	32,664

Transfers are used to (1) use unrestricted revenues in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (2) transfer funds out of a nonmajor fund to help finance the General Fund.

Long-term Debt

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity (shown in thousands of dollars) for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Government activities Compensated absences	\$ 208,246	\$ 445,380	\$ 353,405	\$ 300,221	\$ 60,044
Governmental activitie	50.	\$ 445,380	\$ 353,405	\$ 300,221	\$ 60,044

Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided. TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts can earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	136
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	89
Active employees	168
	393

Contributions. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 17.48% and 17.68% in calendar years 2018 and 2019, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2019, were \$1,448,981 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability. The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.75% per year Overall payroll growth 3.25% per year

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members	90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non- depositing members	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014

Updated morality assumptions were adopted in the actuarial valuation of December 31, 2018. All other actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2019 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Geometric Real

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging I	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (4)	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (5)	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

(1) Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 1.70% per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assu

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$ 39,602,151	\$ 33,651,662	\$ 5,950,489		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	1,158,547		1,158,547		
Interest on total pension liability (1)	3,217,730	×	3,217,730		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(214,326)	9	(214,326)		
Refund of contributions	(97,723)	(97,723)	24		
Benefit payments	(2,014,690)	(2,014,690)	(8)		
Administrative expenses	Sec. 1	(26,349)	26,349		
Member contributions	2	550,026	(550,026)		
Net investment income	=	(629,034)	629,034		
Employer contributions	*	1,373,491	(1,373,491)		
Other ⁽³⁾	= =	(2,248)	2,248		
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$ <u>41,651,689</u>	\$ <u>32,805,135</u>	\$_8,846,554		

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 7.1%		Current Discount Rate 8.1%		1% Increase 9.1%	
Total pension liability	\$	46,641,734	\$	41,651,689	\$	37,408,271
Fiduciary net position	_	32,805,135		32,805,135		32,805,135
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$_	13,836,599	\$_	8,846,554	\$_	4,603,136

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,985,018.

At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows	
	of Resources		of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	284,762	\$	170,612
Changes in actuarial assumptions		(46)		197,635
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		12E		2,032,527
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_			1,448,981
Total	\$	284,762	\$_	3,849,755

\$1,448,981 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2019	\$ 752,772
2020	365,527
2021	328,477
2022	669,236

Postemployment Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description

The County offers its retired employees health insurance benefits through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, under County policy. This plan is administered by the County and it has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing arrangements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits and Contributions

Permanent fulltime employees of the County who retire are eligible to participate in the Jasper County Retiree Health Care Plan (JCRHCP). Employees are eligible to retire when they are 60 years of age and have 8 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service, or if their current age plus their years of service equals 75. Retirees may elect to continue medical coverage by paying premiums for the coverage elected until the retiree is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage, either by age or disability. Employees who qualify under the eligibility requirements for retirement, who are 60 years or older and who have worked the last 12 consecutive years with Jasper County qualify for medical insurance coverage paid by Jasper County until the retiree is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage, either by age or disability. Employees terminating before normal retirement conditions are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Surviving dependents of retired members may continue retiree health coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA. Retiree can also elect to continue coverage for eligible spouse but must pay for the coverage cost of the spouse. Surviving spouse of retired members may continue retiree health care coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA. The County provides a \$5,000 term life insurance policy to retired employees. Life insurance coverage for dependents is not offered. This is offered through TCDRS. Retirees who decide to opt out of health care benefits are not eligible to opt back in at another time. There is no additional stipend provided for those who opt out of retiree health care benefits.

The County's contributions to the Retiree Health Plan for the year ended December 31, 2019, were \$69,542, which equal benefit payments for retirees.

The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Active employees	132
Total	135

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method

Discount rate

Individual Entry Age Normal 3.71% as of December 31, 2018

Inflation Rate

Salary Increases

2.50%

0.50% to 5.00%, not including inflation of 3.25%

Demographic Assumptions

Based on the experience study covering the fouryear period ending December 31, 2016 as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). For the OPEB valuation, the standard TCDRS retirement rates were adjusted to reflect the impact of the County's

retiree medical plan design.

Mortality

For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables are used with male rates multiplied by 130% and female rates multiplied by 110%. Those rates are projected on a fully generational basis based on 110% of the

ultimate rates of Scale MP-2014.

Health care cost trend rates

Initial rate of 7.20% declining to an ultimate rate of 5.25% after 10 years; Ultimate trend rate includes a 1.00% adjustment for the excise tax

Participation rates

100%

Notes

The discount rate changed form 3.31% as of December 31, 2017 to 3.71% as of December 31,

2018.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

A Single Discount Rate of 3.71 was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the municipal bond rates as of the measurement date. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2018.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$2,075,531 was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017.

		Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	1,965,102		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		154,665		
Interest		66,454		
Difference between expected and actual experience		32,620		
Changes of assumptions	(73,768)		
Benefit payments	(69,542)		
Net changes		110,429		
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	2,075,531		

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.71%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Discour	nt Rate (2.71%)Discount	Rate (3.71%)	Discour	nt Rate (4.71%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,264,534	\$	2,075,531	\$	1,901,350

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	Current Healthcare Cost					
	1	% Decrease	Trend F	Rate Assumption_	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,829,307	\$	2,075,531 \$	2,368,381	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$225,843. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows and of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	29,213 68,334 29,207	\$	- 66,062
Totals	\$	126,754	\$	66,062

\$29,207 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date are due to benefit payments the City paid with its own assets and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts of the reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year	
Ended December 31,	
2020	\$ 4,724
2021	4,724
2022	4,724
2023	4,724
2024	4,724
Thereafter	7,865

TCDRS Group Term Life Fund

Plan Description. The County voluntarily participates in the Texas County & District Group Term Life Fund (TCDRS GTLF). The GTLF is a single-employer defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan as defined by GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. It is established and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act.

Benefits Provided. The GTLF provides group-term life insurance to County employees who are active members in TCDRS, including or not including retirees. The County's Commissioners opted into this program via a resolution, and may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the GTLF by adopting a resolution.

Payments from this fund are similar to group-term life insurance benefits and are paid to the designated beneficiaries upon the receipt of an approved application for payment. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's most recent regular annualized salary. The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit and is a fixed amount of \$5,000.

Employees covered by benefit terms. The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	113
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	33
Active employees	168

Contributions. The County contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation, which was 0.40% for 2018 and 0.40% for 2017, of which 0.20% and 0.20%, respectively, represented the retiree-only portion for each year, as a percentage of annual covered payroll. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to prefund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The County contributions to the GTLF for the years ended December 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$16,391 and \$15,715, respectively, representing contributions for both active and retiree coverage, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Total OPEB Liability. The District's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was measured as of December 31, 2018 as determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement year ended

December 31, 2018

Investment rate of return (discount rate) 4.10%, or 20 Year Bond GO Index published by

) 4.10%, or 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 27, 2018.

Actuarial cost method

Entry age normal

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members	90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant
	Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

All actuarial assumptions and methods that determined the Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

Discount Rate. The TCDRS GTLF program is treated as an unfunded OPEB plan because the GTLF trust covers both actives and retirees and the assets are not segregated for these groups. As such, a single discount rate of 4.10% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate was the 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of the measurement date of December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the Total OPEB Liability.

	1%	1% Decrease in		Current		1% Increase in	
		count Rate				count Rate	
		(3.10%)		(4.10%)		(5.10%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	546,905	\$	467,575	\$	404,860	

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At December 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$467,575 for its Total OPEB Liability. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. For the year ended December 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$24,431. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability during the measurement period.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

		ges in Total B Liability
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	490,721
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		12,792
Interest on total OPEB liability (1)		17,053
Effect of economic/demographic		
gains or losses		12,899
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs ⁽²⁾	(50,175)
Benefit payments	(15,715)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	467,575

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

At December 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Ir	eferred oflows of esources	0	Deferred utflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,686	\$	10,319
Change of assumptions		40,141		12,852
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			_	16,391
Totals	\$	44,827	\$	39,562

\$16,391 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB Liability for the year ending December 31, 2020. Other amounts of the reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Ended December 31,		
2019	\$(5,414)
2020	(5,414)
2021	(5,414)

(5,414)

For the Year

2022

⁽²⁾ Reflects change in discount rate and the new assumptions adopted based on the January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016 Investigation of Experience.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted	d A mou	nts				riance with nal Budget
	-	Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	(Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	10,220,962	\$	10,220,962	\$	9,950,481	\$(270,481)
License and fees		855,871		855,871		915,915		60,044
Fines and forfeltures		605,000		605,000		516,060	(88,940)
Intergovernmental		639,201		711,708		974,607		262,899
Interest		39,084		39,084		50,306		11,222
Other	_	113,117		73,843		275,579	-	201,736
Total revenues		12,473,235	-	12,506,468		12,682,948		176,480
EXPENDITURES								
General government		3,958,476		4,376,227		4,256,589		119,638
Judicial		2,232,960		2,343,682		2,304,302		39,380
Legal		647,189		659,400		650,353		9,047
Public facilities		511,283		647,916		653,153	(5,237)
Public safety		5,018,788		5,096,790		5,082,378		14,412
Conservation		110,919		111,837		111,837		Ye:
Capital outlay		177,511	_	227,050		226,105		945
Total expenditures		12,657,126		13,462,902		13,284,717		178,185
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(183,891)	(956,434)	(601,769)	-	354,665
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		200,000		200,000		- 5	(200,000)
Transfers out	(12,750)	(32,664)	(32,664)		7 <u>2</u>
Sale of assets			_	4	-	20	-	20
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	187,2 <u>50</u>	_	167,336		32,644)	(199,980)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		3,359	(789,098)	(634,413)		154,685
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	8	4,895,770	_	4,895,770	_	4,895,770		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	4,899,129	\$	4,106,672	\$	4,261,357	\$	154,685

ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted	Amour	its				riance with	
						Actual	Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES								- 11-11	
Taxes	\$	4,120,393	\$	4,120,393	\$	3,895,676	\$(224,717)	
Fines and forfeltures		220,000		220,000		128,747	(91,253)	
Intergovernmental		113,643		113,643		295,689		182,046	
Auto registration		802,422		802,422		705,119	(97,303)	
Interest		20,128		20,128		31,416		11,288	
Other		191,653	-	191,653	_	158,632		33,021)	
Total revenues	-	5,468,239	-	5,468,239	_	5,215,279	(252,960)	
EXPENDITURES									
General government		493,112		493,112		490,406		2,706	
Roads		4,877,900		5,339,372		4,683,949		655,423	
Capital outlay		"#"				529,757	(529,757)	
Total expenditures		5,371,012	_	5,832,484	-	5,704,112		128,372	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	97,227		364,245)	(488,833)	(124,588)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		72		19,914		19,914		(*)	
Sale of assets	-	4,015	_	4,015			(4,015)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	4,015	_	23,929		19,914	(4,015)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		101,242	(340,316)	(468,919)	(128,603)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	3,335,829		3,335,829		3,335,829		<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	3,437,071	\$_	2,995,513	\$	2,866,910	\$ <u>(</u>	128,603)	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

Measurement Date December 31		2014		2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs	\$	971,579 2,551,429 - -	\$	1,010,822 2,702,346 193,701) 389,362
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(_	129,180 1,831,338)	(317,572) 1,979,863)
Net change in total pension liability		1,820,850		1,611,394
Total pension liability - beginning		31,920,653		33,741,453
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	33,741,503	\$	35,352,847
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$	1,138,612 454,148	\$	1,260,531 493,497
investment intome her of investment expenses Benefit payments refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	(1,796,794 1,831,388) 20,838) 10,942	(99,833 1,979,863) 19,981) 44,606
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,548,270	(101,377)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		26,288,606		27,836,876
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		27,836,876	<u></u>	27,735,499
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,904,627	\$	7,617,348
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		82.50%		78.45%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	6,487,833	\$	7,049,963
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		91.01%		108.05%

	2016		2017		2018
\$	1,119,518 2,825,979	\$	1,145,933 3,008,541 - 199,604	\$	1,158,547 3,217,730
(242,011)		284,353	(214,326)
(2,066,395)	(2,026,218)	(2,112,413)
	1,637,091		2,612,213		2,049,538
	35,352,847		36,989,938		39,602,151
\$	36,989,938	\$	39,602,151	\$	41,651,689
\$	1,321,720 517,159	\$	1,361,668 544,051	\$	1,373,491 550,026
	2,049,732		4,303,056	(629,034)
(2,066,394) 22,293) 42,113)	(2,026,218) 22,379) 1,826)	((<u>(</u>	2,112,413) 26,349) 2,248)
	1,757,811		4,158,352	(846,527)
	27,735,499		29,493,310	_	33,651,662
	29,493,310	_	33,651,662	_	32,805,135
\$	7,496,628	\$	5,950,489	\$	8,846,554
\$	79.73% 7,387,979	\$	84.97% 7,772,163	\$	78.76% 7,857,516
	101.47%		76.56%		112.59%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution (1)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) ⁽¹⁾	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contributior as a % of Covered Payroll
2010	889,501	889,501	74	5,658,402	15.7%
2011	888,820	888,820	82	5,905,793	15.0%
2012	954,884	954,884	-	6,039,800	15.8%
2013	1,050,450	1,050,450	·	6,374,109	16.5%
2014	1,138,612	1,138,612	(-	6,487,833	17.5%
2015	1,260,531	1,260,531		7,049,963	17.9%
2016	1,321,720	1,321,720	3 -	7,387,979	17.9%
2017	1,361,668	1,361,668	022	7,772,163	17.5%
2018	1,373,494	1,373,494	S=	7,857,516	17.5%
2019	1,448,981	1,448,981	0 /2 0	8,195,595	17.7%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each Valuation Date

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

12.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2018 valuation) **Remaining Amortization Period**

5-year smoothed market **Asset Valuation Method**

2.75% **Inflation**

Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including Salary Increases

inflation.

8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation **Investment Rate of Return**

Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed **Retirement Age**

to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Mortality

males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods 2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected. Reflected in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the **Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected**

in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

*Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH CARE INSURANCE PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Measurement Date December 31	-	2017	_	2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost Interest on total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments	\$	138,461 67,486 86,380 58,579)	(154,665 66,454 32,620 73,768) 69,542)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - beginning	_	233,748 1,731,354	9	110,429 1,965,102
Total OPEB Liability - ending Pensionable covered payroll	\$ \$	1,965,102 7,772,521	\$_ \$	2,075,531 7,554,064
Total OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		25.28%		27.48%

Notes to Schedule:

- No assets are accumulated in a trust for this plan to pay related benefits that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemplyment Benefits Other Than Pensions
- This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2017 is not available.
- Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.31% as of December 31, 2017 to 3.71% as of December 31, 2018.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Measurement date December 31,	-	2017		2018
A. Total OPEB liability				
Service Cost Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability) Effect of economic/demographic experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ (<u>(</u>	11,355 17,728 7,030) 19,277 16,322)	\$ (<u></u>	12,792 17,053 12,899 50,175) 15,715)
Net change in Total OPEB liability		25,008	(23,146)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	-	465,713	_	490,721
Total OPEB liability - ending	-	490,721	-	467,575
B. Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,772,163	\$	7,857,516
C. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.31%		5.95%

Notes to Schedule:

- No assets are accumulated in a trust for this plan to pay related benefits that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemplyment Benefits Other Than Pensions.
- This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2017 is not available.
- Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.44% as of December 31, 2017 to 4.10% as of December 31, 2018.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account primarily for revenue from specific taxes and federal grant revenue which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account primarily for revenue from specific taxes and federal grant revenue which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

CDA County Forfeiture

Sheriff's Forfeiture

Federal Forfeiture

Preservation Fees - County Clerk

Check Collection and Processing

Law Library

Historical Commission

District Court Jury

County Records Management

District Attorney Supplemental

Title IV-E

CDA LEOSE Training

Constable LEOSE Training

Justice Court Technology

County Clerk Archive Fees

District Clerk Preservation Fees

Courthouse Security for JP Offices

Jasper County Development District

DARE

Jasper / Newton / Sabine LEPC Grant

Family Protection Fee

Appellate Judicial System

Alternative Dispute Resolution

Indigent Health

Supplemental Court Initiated Guardianship

Sheriff's Office LEOSE Training

Hurricane Ike Category E PW-2417

2015 GLO Flood PCT - 1

2015 GLO Flood PCT - 2

Tax Assessment and Collections Services

County and District Court Technology

County Child Abuse Protection

Court Records Preservation Fee

District Court Records Archive Fee

Pre-Trial Intervention Program

Probate Additional Special Fee

County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention

County Clerk Vital Statistics Records Fee

Wingate Blvd. Road Improvements Projects

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Debt Service Fund

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2019

				Special	Reve	nue		
		CDA County orfeiture		Sheriff's orfeiture		Federal Forfeiture		servation Fees County Clerk
ASSETS		F F02	_	17.040	_	22.772	.	12,383
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,592	\$	17,048	\$	23,773	\$	12,363
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable		-		-				400
Due from other funds		: = :		-		-		=
	-	F F02	-	17.049		23,773		12,783
Total assets	-	5,592	_	17,048	_	23,773	_	12,703
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:		260		5		-		<u> </u>
Accounts payable Other liabilities		200						-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		23
Unearned revenue		-		- 2			2-	-
Total liabilities		260	72	-		•		23
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3#3		-				-
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal		2 4 2		(-)		275		-
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees) = }	_	17.	_	-		400
Total deferred inflows of resources			-		===	#:		400
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Records management and preservation		€		:-:		 5		12,360
Court technology and security		-		970		-		
Tax assessment and collection services		-		(25)		_		_
Jury services		-				120		_
Court system Law library				5 4 -5				*
Forfeitures		5,332		17,048		23,773		= =
Check collection and processing		=		. * :		-		-
Foster care		? = ?		-		-		=
Law enforcement		-				-		2
Historical commission		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-				-		-
Public safety		-		2 - 2				-
Health and welfare		(<u>a</u> =		-		:#-:		-
Unassigned	8=		-	47.040	-	22.772	_	12.360
Total fund balances	=	5,332	_	17,048	-	23,773	_	12,360
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	5,592	\$	17,048	\$	23,773	\$	12,783

Check Collection and Processing 682		_	Law Library	Historical Commission		District Court Jury		County Records Managemer		At	istrict torney olementa
	682	\$	179,954	\$	4,530	\$	7,969	\$	202,449	\$	3,354
	-	Τ.	-	4	-		**		-		=
	-		: HO		Ψ,				25,715		247
	-	_				-	<u>:</u>	-			
	682	-	179,954		4,530	-	7,969	_	228,164	-	3,354
	22		1,626		-		40		140		<u>4</u> V
	586		(**)))		=		-		<u> </u>		A1
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	2 1	-	-					-	25,715		
	1000		=		=		*		202,309		-
			-		=		-		-		
	-		-		_		7,893		_		2
	**		77.5		_		- 7000		-		3,34
	::=		178,314		=		-		-		-
	700		-		差		-		-		-
	682		-		-		-		-		-
	1.5		-		-		-		-		-
	· ·		_		4,530		_		-		-
	CE		-		=		-		-		2
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	· E				-		-) ē		-
					-		-		5		-
	682		178,314		4,530	_	7,893		202,309		3,34

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2019

i.e	Special Revenue									
	_	Title IV-E	CDA Leose Training		Constable LEOSE Training		Justice Court Technolog			
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	496,835	\$	7,398	\$	14,895	\$	61,353		
Taxes receivable		-		-				4.246		
Accounts receivable		: =		-		₹ <u>7</u> .\		1,246		
Due from other funds	_		-		-	 //	-	-		
Total assets		496,835	-	7,398		14,895	_	62,599		
LIABILITIES										
Liabilities:		5:						4 0 40		
Accounts payable		X+				525		4,940		
Other liabilities				-		5		•		
Due to other funds		3				-				
Unearned revenue	-		_		-		-	4.040		
Total liabilities		3	_		-	525	_	4,940		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		? ⇒ 1		
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal ye	l	S₩:		+		-		i.e.		
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees					-		_	1,246		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-			-			1,246		
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Records management and preservation				=		-		(#)		
Court technology and security		3 =		-		=		56,413		
Tax assessment and collection services		-		7.				: 5 71		
Jury services		9,55 0 des		-		-				
Court system		(E)		-		-		-		
Law library Forfeitures		- 0		_		_		:#3		
Check collection and processing		-		_		-		-		
Foster care		496,832		-		_		===		
Law enforcement				7,398		14,370		-		
Historical commission		(=		-		_		9		
Debt service				-		-		=		
Public safety		-		-		2		1#2		
Health and welfare		•		-		2		120		
Unassigned					_	<u> </u>	_	- 4		
		496,832		7,398		14,370		56,413		

	County	f	District	Co	urthouse		ial Revenue Jasper	e		Jaspe	r/		
Clerk Archive			Clerk		Security for JP	County Development				Newton/ Sabine LEPC		Family Protection	
	Fees			Offices District				DARE	Gran	Fee			
	641,107	\$	23,549	\$	60,573	\$	1,438	\$	22,121	\$	246	\$	45,22
	-		×		#7		27.5		100				-
	÷		2,750		225		-		-				-
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	641,107	_	26,299		60,798		1,438	-	22,121		246	\ <u>-</u>	45,22
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			2,750	3	225			-				-	
	641,107		23,549		-		_		<u>.</u>				(*)
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	-		155		*		15		22,121				-
	-		E		**		-		7.5		246		=
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	641,107		23,549		60,573		lie .		22,121		246		45,22

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Special	Revenue	
	Appellate Judicial System	Alternative Dispute Resolution	Indigent Health	Supplemental Court Initiated Guardianship
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 539 		\$ - 107,547 - 176,577 284,124	\$ 31,559
LIABILITIES Liabilities: Accounts payable Other liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	- 482 - - 482	1 <u>2</u>	76,986 2,856 91,569 - 171,411	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Property taxes received in advance of fiscal Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees Total deferred inflows of resources			105,050 176,577 - 281,627	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for: Records management and preservation Court technology and security Tax assessment and collection services Jury services Court system Law library Forfeitures Check collection and processing Foster care Law enforcement Historical commission	- - - 57 - - - - -	- - - 6,164 - - - -	80 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31,559 - - - - - -
Debt service Public safety	= =	-	= =	3 = 3
Health and welfare	≅	=	설 - 제공(제공(제공(제공)) (제공) (제공) (제공) (제공) (제공)	(**)
Unassigned			(168,914)	
Total fund balances	57	6,164	(168,914)	31,559
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u>539</u>	\$6,164	\$ <u>284,124</u>	\$31,559

Special Revenue

Office LEOSE C		Ca	Hurricane Ike Category E PW-2417		2015 GLO Flood PCT - 1		2015 GLO Flood PCT - 2			Tax sessment Collections Services	County and District Court Technology		
		H											
\$	13,429	\$	20,847	\$	(<u>+</u>)	\$		72	\$	53,629	\$	2,061	
	-		=		182					4,238		4,330	
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_	13,429		20,847	-		-				57,867	-	6,39	
	696				757			=				-	
			75					<u>=</u>		2,682		174	
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_		-	20,847	-						52,185	-		
	696		20,847	-	;#:	*			8	54,914	-	<u></u>	
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			36			-				-			
	12,733			_	141	2		*	-	2,953		2,06	
\$	13,429	\$	20,847	\$	1=1	\$_		E .	\$	57,867	\$	6,39	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Special	Revenue	
	County Child Abuse Protection	Court Records Preservation Fee	District Court Records Archive Fee	Pre-trial Intervention Program
ASSETS		+ 26.120	4 22.024	4 120 520
	\$ 2,974	\$ 36,138	\$ 32,924	\$ 120,539 -
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	2,071	-		-
Due from other funds	2,071	-	(E	-
Total assets	5,045	36,138	32,924	120,539
			32/321	120/000
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:	· ·	_	_	-
Accounts payable Other liabilities	.=		-	727
Due to other funds	<u>7</u>	=	8	11
Unearned revenue	-	2		
Total liabilities	3#		8	11
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	*	3₩	(=)
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal y	-	*	75	=
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	<u>2,071</u>	: 		
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,071	ÿ 	7 (H)	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:		26.420	22.046	
Records management and preservation		36,138	32,916	-
Court technology and security Tax assessment and collection services	-	=	\	_
Jury services	0.75 A. T.	-	_	-
Court system		<u> </u>	_	125
Law library	14	¥	848	H-1
Forfeitures	34	=	-	
Check collection and processing	:=:	-		·#0
Foster care	· •	₹	-	177
Law enforcement	2,974	-	-	120,528
Historical commission	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	_
Public safety	· =	<u>=</u>	7 -2	•
Health and welfare	-	2	-	
Unassigned		-		
Total fund balances	2,974	36,138	32,916	120,528
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$5,045	\$ <u>36,138</u>	\$ 32,924	\$ 120,539

		5	Special	Reve	nue			De	bt Service		
Α	Probate dditional Special	County County Juvenile Clerk Vital Delinquency Statistics					gate Blvd. Road ovements				
	Fee	Preve	ntion	Rec	cords Fee	P	roject	<u>De</u>	bt Service	-	Totals
\$	4,739	\$	10	\$	16,245	\$	33	\$	82,585	\$	2,256,888
Ψ	-,,,,,,	4	(#C	Τ		7		Ĺ	43,977	•	151,524
	_		-		-		-		æ		40,975
	(44)		-				*		7/44	_	176,577
	4,739		10		16,245		33		126,562	-	2,625,964
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			-		=		 (35		86,651
	(#)		-		-		-		023		6,020
	-		-		-		27		240		91,724
	-				#					-	73,032
_			(-)						. T	-	257,427
									43,492		148,542
	·		_		-		-		43,432		176,577
	-				-						36,737
-			_	-					43,492	-	361,856
-				-		-				2	501,050
	_		_		16,245				3. 54 5		964,624
	4,739		_		-		33		11=1		123,819
	-,, JJ -		-		_		585		1.50		2,953
	_		-		-		-		·		7,893
	-		_		-		-		(#		41,121
	_		_		-		-		32		178,314
	-				<u>=</u>		-		(i=)		46,153
	-		-		2		(40)		::-:		682
	_		724		_		363		i(- -:		496,832
	_		10		-		200		1993		203,237
	_		96		æ		170				4,530
	-		(inc)		~		-		83,070		83,070
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	4,739		10		16,245		33		83,070		2,006,681
ď.	A 720	¢	10	\$	16,245	¢	33	\$	126.562	\$	2,625,964
\$_	4,739	\$	10	Ψ	10,273	Ψ		Ψ	110/002	***	_,===,==

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

				Special	Reve	enue		
		CDA County orfeiture	Sheriff's Forfeiture		F	Federal Forfeiture		servation Fees County Clerk
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Other Total revenues	\$	- - - 15 -	\$	- - - 35 -	\$	- - - - 50 -	\$	59,462 - 78 - 59,540
EXPENDITURES General government		***		-		-		68,617
Judicial Legal Public safety Roads		816				=		-
Cultural and recreation Health and welfare		20 20 20		=		*		
Capital outlay Total expenditures		816		- 2	_			68,617
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		801)		35		50	(9,077)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	Λ==		_				-	
Total other financing sources (uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<i></i>	801)		35	-	50		9,077)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	8==	6,133	-	17,013		23,723		21,437
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,332	\$	17,048	\$	23,773	\$	12,360

Special Revenue

					Special	Keven	ue					
Со	Check Collection and Processing		Law Library	Historical Commission			District Court Jury	Ma	County Records anagement	District Attorney Supplemental		
\$	463 - - - - - 463	\$	20,584 - 1,291 - 21,875	\$ 	38 502 540	\$	6,426 69 - 6,495	\$	8,757 - 1,358 - 10,115	\$ 	27,500 7 27,507	
_	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-7 47,040 47,040	_	3,832		15,155	-	1,820 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-	25,114 - - - - 25,114	
_	463		25,165) - - 25,165)		3,292) 750 750 2,542)		8,660)		8,295 - - 8,295	,	2,393	
\$	219 682	\$	203,479 178,314	\$	7,072 4,530	\$	7,893	\$	194,014 202,309	\$	948 3,341	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Special I	Revenue	
	Title IV-E	CDA LEOSE Training	Constable LEOSE Training	Justice Court Technology
Taxes Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Other Total revenues	\$ - 10,551 1,800 - 12,351	\$ - - - 682 53 - 735	3,408	\$ - 488 15,321 15,809
EXPENDITURES General government Judicial Legal Public safety Roads Cultural and recreation Health and welfare Capital outlay Total expenditures	9,026	767 - - - - - - - 767	2,384 - - - - 2,384	36,513 - - - - 14,150 50,663
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,325	(32)	1,024	(34,854)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,325	(32)	1,024	(34,854)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	493,507	7,430	13,346	91,267
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>496,832</u>	\$ <u>7,398</u>	\$ <u>14,370</u>	\$56,413

Special Revenue

						Spe	cial Revenu	е					
	County Clerk Archive Fees	District Clerk Preservation Fees		Courthouse Security for JP Offices		Jasper County Development District			DARE	Jasper/ Newton/ Sabine LEPC Grant		Family Protection Fee	
\$	- 58,860	\$	3,948	\$	3,798	\$	9 <u>2</u> 9 <u>2</u>	\$	2	\$:= :=:	\$	2,475
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	63,044	_	4,096	-	3,486	:=	<u>(E</u>	<u>(</u>	13,063)	-		_	2,776
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-	63,044		4,096	,	3,486		o n .	(13,063)		÷		2,776
	578,063	_	19,453	-	57,087	-	1)77.	_	35,184	-	246		42,448
\$	641,107	\$	23,549	\$	60,573	\$_		\$_	22,121	\$_	246	\$	45,224

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Special Revenue							
	Appel Judic Syste	ial	Alternative Dispute Resolution		Indigent Health		Supplementa Court Initiate Guardianship	
Taxes Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Other Total revenues	\$	-	\$	2,810 6,785 31 9,626	\$	494,539 2,583 892 - 498,014	\$	2,800 206 - 3,006
EXPENDITURES General government Judicial Legal Public safety Roads Cultural and recreation Health and welfare Capital outlay Total expenditures				9,259 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - 685,595 - 685,595		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>		_	367	<u>(</u>	187,581)		3,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)			_	===	_	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	_	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		.		367	(187,581)		3,006
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		<u>57</u>	,	5,797	-	18,667	-	28,553
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	57	\$	6,164	\$ <u>(</u>	168,914)	\$	31,559

Special Revenue

Sheriff's Office LEOSE Training		Hurricane Ike E Category E PW-2417		2015 GLO Flood PCT - 1		2015 GLO Flood PCT - 2		Tax Assessment and Collections Services		County and District Court Technology	
\$	3,138 92 3,230	\$	# # # # #	\$	665,468	\$	264,651	\$	102,440 345 7,296 110,081	\$	697 - 10 - 707
	1,179	_	# H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H		633,768		243,591		124,746 - - - - - - - - 124,746		# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
	2,051			:	31,700	,-	21,060		14,665)		707
	-	_	-			_			12,000	-	
-	2,051 10,682		-		31,700 31,700)		21,060 21,060)	(2,665) 5,618		707 1,354
\$	12,733	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	2,953	\$	2,061

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Special Revenue							
	Chil	ounty d Abuse stection	R	Court ecords servation Fee	F	District Court Records chive Fee	Int	Pre-trial tervention Program
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Other Total revenues	\$	137 - 19 - 156	\$	8,023 - 221 - 8,244	\$	7,429 - 236 - 7,665	\$	16,350 - 816 - 17,166
General government Judicial Legal Public safety Roads Cultural and recreation Health and welfare Capital outlay Total expenditures		-	_	80 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	_	3,529 2,790 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		14,074 - - - - 14,074
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		156		8,244		1,346	_	3,092
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_=	_	= 1	_	<u></u>	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		156		8,244 27,894		1,346 31,570		3,092 117,436
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,818	\$	36,138	\$	32,916	\$	120,528

			Special	ial Revenue			Debt Service				
	Probate Additional Special Fee	D	County Juvenile elinquency revention		County Clerk Vital Statistics Records Fee		Wingate Blvd. Road mprovements Project		Debt Service Funds		Totals
\$	565 - 31 - 596	\$	#0 == - - - - - -	\$	3,658 105 	\$	-	\$	5,756 - - 284 - 6,040	\$	500,295 198,016 9,585 1,091,847 13,607 23,119 1,836,469
38		_	- - - - - - - - - -		1,848 - - - - - - - - 1,848		- - - - - - - - - - -	-			237,073 27,204 87,044 27,135 877,359 3,832 690,595 14,150 1,964,392
	596	_			1,915			-	6,040	(127,923)
	596 4,143	-	- 10		1,915 14,330				6,040 77,030	, - , - , -	12,750 12,750 115,173) 2,121,854
\$	4,739	\$	10	\$	16,245	\$	33	\$_	83,070	\$_	2,006,681

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Forfeiture Holding

Medical Insurance

State Fee Account

County Clerk

Tax Assessor Collector

District Clerk

1st Judicial District Juvenile Probation

1st Judicial District CSCD Probation

Sheriff

Justice of the Peace Registry Account

Justice of the Peace 1 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 2 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 3 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 4 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 5 Clearing Account

Justice of the Peace 6 Clearing Account

National Forest

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Forfeiture Holding	Medical Insurance	State Fee Account	County Clerk	Tax Assessor Collector
ASSETS Cash	\$ <u>1,105,064</u>	\$214,704	\$111,039	\$ <u>71,325</u>	\$164,427
Total assets	\$ <u>1,105,064</u>	\$ 214,704	\$ <u>111,039</u>	\$	\$ 164,427
LIABILITIES Due to other agencies					
and individuals	\$ <u>1,105,064</u>	\$214,704	\$ <u>111,039</u>	\$ <u>71,325</u>	\$ 164,427
Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,105,064</u>	\$ <u>214,704</u>	\$ 111,039	\$ 71,325	\$ 164,427

 1st Judicial District District Clerk Probation		1st Judicial District CSCD Probation	Sheriff	Justice of the Peace Registry Account	
\$ 656,109	\$ 272,107	\$649,584	\$113,796	\$221	
\$ 656,109	\$ 272,107	\$ <u>649,584</u>	\$ 113,796	\$221	
\$ 656,109	\$272,107	\$649,584	\$113,796	\$221	
\$ 656,109	\$ 272,107	\$ 649,584	\$ 113,796	\$	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Justice of the Peace 1 Clearing Account	Justice of the Peace 2 Clearing Account	Justice of the Peace 3 Clearing Account	Justice of the Peace 4 Clearing Account	Justice of the Peace 5 Clearing Account	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	\$33	\$88	\$38	\$ <u>773</u>	
Total assets	\$246		\$88	\$38	\$ <u>773</u>	
LIABILITIES	342					
Due to other agencies						
and individuals	\$246	\$33	\$88	\$38	\$773	
Total liabilities	\$246	\$ 33	\$ 88	\$38	\$ 773	

the P	cice of Peace 6 Pearing Peacount	 ational orest	22	Totals
\$	87	\$ 914	\$_	3,360,555
\$	87	\$ 914	\$	3,360,555
\$	87	\$ 914	\$_	3,360,555
\$	87	\$ 914	\$_	3,360,555

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDITOF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners of Jasper County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jasper County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas September 10, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jasper County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jasper County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019. Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jasper County, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jasper County, Texas' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jasper County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Jasper County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jasper County, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for determining auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas September 10, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Pass-thru Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through the Texas General Land Office Community Development Block Grant	14.228	18-326-000-B008	\$ 665,468	\$ -
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	18-328-000-B010	264,651	*
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Developmen	t		930,119	
U. S. Department of Interior Direct Award Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination	15.234	N/A	2,022	2,022
Total U. S. Department of Interior			2,022	2,022
U. S. Department of Justice Direct Award Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	N/A	55,718	(*)
Passed through the Criminal Justice Division Violence Against Women Formula Grant	16.588	2018-WF-AX-0022	40,327	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0161	3,474	
Total U. S. Department of Justice			99,519	
Department of Health and Human Services Passed through the Texas Juvenile Justice Department Foster Care Title IV-E Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.658	N/A	10,551 10,551	
Federal Emergency Management Agency: Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety Public Assistance Grant, DR 4266 Public Assistance Grant, DR 4272 Total Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety	97.036 97.036 y	FEMA-4272-DR-TX FEMA-1791-DR-TX	184,122 80,454 264,576	
Passed through the Texas Division of Emergency Management Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	EMT-2019-EP-00005	16,586	<u> </u>
Passed through the Homeland Security Grants Division Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2018-SS-00022-S01	42,271	
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			323,433	
Total Federal Awards			\$ 1,365,644	\$

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

DECEMBER 31, 2019

1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal award programs of Jasper County, Texas. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The County's significant account policies, including the modified accrual basis of accounting, are presented in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

3. INDIRECT COSTS

The County did not elect to apply the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted?

None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section

2 CFR 200.516(a)

None

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s) #14.228 Name of Federal Program or Cluster: Community Development Block Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

Findings and Ouestioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which
Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With
Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

None

Phyleasia Fussell Melissa Wallace First Assistants

Miranda Acker
Monica Fox
Cindi Roberts
Assistants



Mellissa Smith
COUNTY AUDITOR
Jasper County, Texas

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

None